

State of Washington

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

IN THE MATTER OF INVESTIGATING The Loan Originator License Application under the Mortgage Broker Practices Act of Washington by:

THOMAS ANDREW HESTMARK,

Respondent.

OAH Docket No. 2007-DFI-00631

No. C-07-192-08-FO01

FINAL DECISION & ORDER CONFIRMING GRANT OF SUMMARY JUDGMENT BY ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE

THIS MATTER has come before the Director ("hereinafter, "Director") of the Department of Financial Institutions (hereinafter, "Department") in the above-enumerated administrative action pursuant to Initial Decision and Order on Summary Judgment (hereinafter, collectively, "Initial Order") based upon an Amended Statement of Charges and Notice of Intention to Enter an Order to Deny License Application and Prohibit from Industry (hereinafter, "Amended Statement of Charges") issued by the Division of Consumer Services (hereinafter, "Division") on or about October 10, 2007, under the authority of the Mortgage Broker Practices Act, Ch. 19.146 RCW (hereinafter, "MBPA").

The Respondent, THOMAS ANDREW HESTMARK (hereinafter, "Respondent") timely requested an Administrative Hearing to contest the Statement of Charges, and this matter was assigned to the Office of Administrative Hearings (hereinafter, "OAH"), which designated Administrative Law Judge Gina L. Hale (hereinafter, "Administrative Law Judge") to hear the case. The Division made a Motion for Summary Judgment (hereinafter, "Summary Judgment Motion"), by and through its counsel, Assistant Attorney General, Charles Clark (hereinafter, "Division Counsel"). Respondent filed a Defendant's Motion to Oppose Grant of Summary Judgment (hereinafter, "Summary Judgment Response") by and through his legal

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representative, Alexander Hamalian (hereinafter, "Respondent's Counsel"). Then, on June 5, 2008, the Administrative Law Judge issued an Initial Order granting the Summary Judgment Order. The Initial Order contained Findings of Fact (hereinafter, "FOF") and Conclusions of Law (hereinafter, "COL").

More than twenty (20) days has elapsed since the entry and service of the Initial Order. Respondent has not filed any petition for review of the Initial Order.

On or about October 8, 2008, the Division presented this matter to the Director for entry of a final decision and order. However, the proposed final decision and order were in the nature of a default or uncontested final order - i.e., in a form and style that is properly reserved for those cases which are either (1) uncontested from inception or (2) come before the Director as a result of an applicant's default.

This case was contested by Respondent. Respondent did respond to the Summary Judgment Motion. Respondent did not default. Respondent simply did not file a petition for review of the Initial Order. Division's proposed final decision and order are inappropriate in form and substance, because they do not convey to the parties or to a superior court (in the event of judicial review) the Director's required deliberation, even in circumstances such as these, of the sufficiency and propriety of the Administrative Law Judge's grant of summary judgment.

Accordingly, the Director subsequently received and has now considered the entire OAH Record. This Final Decision and Order are based upon a consideration of the entire OAH Record, including, without limitation, the following:

- 1. License application dated December 19, 2006 (hereinafter, "Application");
- 2. Amended Statement of Charges;
- 3. Application for Adjudicative Hearing;
- 4. Summary Judgment Motion of Division Counsel;
- 5. Declaration of Robert E. Jones (hereinafter, "Jones Declaration");
- 6. Summary Judgment Response of Respondent's Counsel; and
- 7. The Initial Order.

This record is hereinafter referred to collectively as "Record on Review."

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1.0 Summary of the Case

This case concerns whether Respondent is automatically disqualified from obtaining a Loan Originator License (hereinafter, "License") and prohibited from participation in the affairs of a mortgage broker until August 1, 2017, by reason of: (1) Failure to demonstrate the character and general fitness required to be licensed; (2) having been convicted of a gross misdemeanor involving dishonesty or financial misconduct within 7 years of the date of Application; and (3) having failed to provide accurate information in his Application. A prospective licensee is automatically disqualified from obtaining a License if convicted of any type of felony or a gross misdemeanor involving dishonesty or financial misconduct within 7 years of the date of application for a loan originator license.1 In addition, the MBPA also authorizes the Division to seek a License ban of additional years (in this case until December 28, 2013) for either making false statements or willfully omitting information in a License application in violation of RCW 19.146.0201(8).²

2.0 **Preliminary Considerations**

- Standards for Summary Judgment in Administrative Actions. 2.1 takes note preliminarily of the following standards which are to be applied to motions for summary judgment in an administrative action under the Administrative Procedures Act, Chapter 34.05 RCW (hereinafter, "APA"):
- Standards for Granting Summary Judgment. The Department has adopted the Model Rules of Procedure, Chapter 10-08 WAC, except to the extent of any conflict with the Department's Rules of Procedure.³ WAC 10-08-135 sets forth the standards to be followed by the Department and the Administrative Law Judge, as its agent, when considering the Summary Judgment Motion and the Summary Judgment Response, and declares that "[a] motion for summary judgment may be granted and an order issued [only] if the written record shows that there is no genuine issue as to any material fact and that the

¹ RCW 19.146.310(1) (d and (2) and WAC 208-660-350(2)(c).

² See RCW 19.146.220(5)(a).

WAC 208-08-020(1) declares: "The department adopts the model rules of procedure as set forth in WAC 10-08-035 through 10-08-230. If there is a conflict between the model rules and this chapter, the rules in this chapter shall govern. Wherever the term 'agency' appears in the model rules it means the department of financial institutions."

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moving party is entitled to judgment as a matter of law." In evaluating the application of this standard, the Director may rely on applicable law from sources other than WAC 10-08-135 itself and must be respectful of the constitutional rights of respondents. To that end, the Director is required to weigh on review all pleadings, evidence and argument in a light most favorable to the non-moving party. If there is any inference of a triable issue of fact, then summary judgment is inappropriate. Litigants are entitled to a dispositive hearing on all issues of fact and law. These principles apply equally to the Administrative Law Judge and to the Director evaluating the Initial Order.

- 2.2 <u>Proper Consideration by Director Absent Petition for Review</u>. Respondent did not file a petition for review contesting the Initial Order. However, even when a party has <u>not</u> filed a petition for review, the Director still has the authority and duty, prior to entering a Final Decision and Order, to consider whether any part of the Initial Order is <u>not</u> supported by the record⁹ and whether confirmation of the Initial Order, without modification, would be an error of law. Indeed, with regard to the COL as contained in the Initial Order, the Director is obliged, in the manner of a reviewing court, to consider the statutes and implementing regulations of the Division under the error of law standard, which permits the Director to substitute his judgment for that of the Amended Statement of Charges and the Administrative Law Judge's Initial Order.¹⁰
- 2.2.1 <u>Consideration of Length of License Ban</u>. It is apparent from the Initial Order that the Administrative Law Judge considered the question of whether Respondent negligently made a false statement or knowingly and willfully made an omission of material

⁴ WAC 10-08-220 declares: "Nothing in chapter 10-08 WAC is intended to diminish the constitutional rights of any person or to limit or modify additional requirements imposed by statute, including the Administrative Procedure Act."

⁵ Reid v. Pierce County, 136 Wn.2d 195, 201, 961 P.2d 333 (1998).

⁶ Davis v. W. One Auto. Group, 140 Wn. App. 449, 456 (2007).

⁷ <u>Jones v. Allstate Ins. Co.</u>, 146 Wn.2d 291, 300-01, 45 P.3d 1068 (2002), citing <u>Lybbert v. Grant County</u>, 141 Wn.2d 29, 34, 1 P.3d 1124 (2000).

Folsom v. Burger King. 135 Wn.2d 658, 663, 958 P.2d 301 (1998).

⁹ See RCW 34.05.464(4); see also <u>Northwest Steelhead v. Washington State Department of Fisheries</u>, 78 Wn. App. 778, 896 P.2d 1292 (1995); see also <u>Towle v. Department of Fish and Wildlife</u>, 94 Wn.App. 196, 971 P.2d 591 (1999).

¹⁰ See <u>Aponte v. Dep't of Soc. & Health Servs.</u>, 92 Wn. App. 604, 616-17, 965 P.2d 626 (1998), review denied, 137 Wn.2d 1028 (1999); cited in Nationscapital at p. 737.

fact in his application¹¹ and found that there was no evidence or inference that raised a material issue of fact disputing the Division's contention in this regard. While the Director is respectful of and agrees with the Administrative Law Judge's finding in this regard,¹² the Administrative Law Judge lacks the authority to decide the appropriateness in length of the License ban sought by the Division. If such a length of License ban is authorized by the MBPA (which it is), the Administrative Law Judge may not question its imposition – provided, of course, that the Respondent has committed a violation giving rise to such a ban. Only the Director, who must issue a final administrative order, has the authority to modify a penalty, fine or license ban properly sought by the Division.

3.0 <u>Director's Consideration of FOF and COL</u>. After due consideration of the entire record on review and in a light most favorable to Respondent, the Director is of the decided view that the Initial Order is appropriate in its entirety, except for what appears to be an inadvertent typographical error contained in COL 6 at p. 5, of the Initial Order, as follows:

"Mr. Hestmark violated RCW 19.146.0201(5)(8) when he negligently or intentionally withheld information about his criminal history on his application. He is therefore prohibited from participating in the conduct of the affairs of any licensed mortgage broker. RCW 19.146.220 95)(a)."

COL 6 at p. 5 [sic], of the Initial Order is correct and affirmed by the Director, except for the incorrect citation of the statute underlined in bold above. The statute should read "RCW 19.146.220(5)(a)."

- 4.0 <u>Findings of Fact</u>. Now, therefore, the Director re-affirms FOF 1 through FOF 11, inclusive, at pages 2-4 [sic] of the Initial Order.
- 5.0 <u>Conclusions of Law.</u> Now, therefore, the Director re-affirms: COL 1 through COL 5, inclusive, at pages 4-5 [sic] of the Initial Order; COL 6 at p. 5 [sic] of the Initial Order, as modified above in <u>Section 3.0</u> of this Final Decision and Order; and COL 7 at p. 5 [sic].
- 6.0 <u>Final Order</u>. Having made Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law as set forth above, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:
- 6.1 <u>Denial of License</u>. The application of Respondent, THOMAS ANDREW HESTMARK, for a Loan Originator License is denied.

¹¹ See Initial Order, FOF 10 at p. 3 [sic]; COL 6 at pp. 5 [sic].

¹² COL 7 at p. 5 [sic], of the Initial Order.

- 6.2 <u>Prohibition</u>. Respondent THOMAS ANDREW HESTMARK is prohibited from participating in the conduct of the affairs of any mortgage broker subject to licensure by the Director, in any manner, through December 28, 2013.
- Reconsideration. Pursuant to RCW 34.05.470, Respondent has the right to file a Petition for Reconsideration stating the specific grounds upon which relief is requested. The Petition must be filed in the Office of the Director of the Department of Financial Institutions by courier at 150 Israel Road SW, Tumwater, Washington 98501, or by U.S. Mail at P.O. Box 41200, Olympia, Washington 98504-1200, within ten (10) days of service of this Final Order upon Respondent. The Petition for Reconsideration shall not stay the effectiveness of this order nor is a Petition for Reconsideration a prerequisite for seeking judicial review in this matter. A timely Petition for Reconsideration is deemed denied if, within twenty (20) days from the date the petition is filed, the agency does not (a) dispose of the petition or (b) serve the parties with a written notice specifying the date by which it will act on a petition.
- 6.4 <u>Stay of Order.</u> The Director has determined not to consider a Petition to Stay the effectiveness of this order. Any such requests should be made in connection with a Petition for Judicial Review made under chapter 34.05 RCW and RCW 34.05.550.
- 6.5 <u>Judicial Review</u>. Respondent has the right to petition the superior court for judicial review of this agency action under the provisions of chapter 34.05 RCW. For the requirements for filing a Petition for Judicial Review, see RCW 34.05.510 and sections following.
- 6.6 <u>Service.</u> For purposes of filing a Petition for Reconsideration or a Petition for Judicial Review, service is effective upon deposit of this order in the U.S. mail, declaration of service attached hereto.
- 6.7 <u>Effectiveness and Enforcement of Final Order.</u> Pursuant to the Administrative Procedures Act, at RCW 34.05.473, this Final Decision and Order shall be effective immediately upon deposit in the United States Mail.

Dated at Tumwater, Washington, on this day of Decarle, 2008.

WASHINGTON STATE DEPARTMENT

OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

By:

Scott Jarvis, Director

NOTICE TO THE PARTIES

In accordance with RCW 34.05.470 and WAC 10-08-215, any Petition for Reconsideration of the FINAL DECISION & ORDER CONFIRMING GRANT OF SUMMARY JUDGMENT BY ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE must be filed with the Director within ten (10) days of service of such FINAL DECISION & ORDER. It should be noted that Petitions for Reconsideration do not stay the effectiveness of the FINAL DECISION & ORDER. Judicial Review of the FINAL DECISION & ORDER is available to a party according to provisions set out in the Washington Administrative Procedure Act, RCW 34.05.570.

WASHINGTON STATE DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

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Executive Assistant to the Director

Mailed to the following:

Thomas Hestmark
c/o 714 SW 20th Place
Portland, OR 97205
Charles Clark, AAG
Office of the Attorney General
PO Box 40100
Olympia WA 98504-0100

Alex Hamalian, Esq. 714 SW 20th Place Portland, OR 97205

James R. Brusselback Chief of Enforcement Division of Consumer Services Department of Financial Institutions P.O. Box 41200 Olympia, WA 98504-1200

RE: Thomas Andrew Hestmark, OAH Docket No. 2007-DFI-0031, DFI No. C-07-192-07-FO01

STATE OF WASHINGTON DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS DIVISION OF CONSUMER SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF INVESTIGATING the Loan Originator License Application under the Mortgage Broker Practices Act of Washington by:

NO. C-07-192-07-SC02

THOMAS ANDREW HESTMARK,

Respondent.

AMENDED STATEMENT OF CHARGES and NOTICE OF INTENTION TO ENTER AN ORDER TO DENY LICENSE APPLICATION AND PROHIBIT FROM INDUSTRY

INTRODUCTION

Pursuant to RCW 19.146.220 and RCW 19.146.223, the Director of the Department of Financial Institutions of the State of Washington (Director) is responsible for the administration of chapter 19.146 RCW, the Mortgage Broker Practices Act (Act)¹. After having conducted an investigation pursuant to RCW 19.146.310, and based upon the facts available as of the date of this Statement of Charges, the Director, through his designee, Division of Consumer Services Director Deborah Bortner, institutes this proceeding and finds as follows:

I. FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 1.1 Respondent Thomas Andrew Hestmark (Respondent Hestmark) submitted an application to the Department of Financial Institutions of the State of Washington (Department) for a loan originator license under Mortgage Express LLC, a mortgage broker licensed under the Act. The on-line application was received by the Department on or about December 19, 2006.
- 1.2 Prior Criminal Acts. On June 22, 2005, Respondent Hestmark was indicted, in Washington County, Oregon, on one count of Theft of Services, a felony, in violation of ORS 164.125(5)(d) and one count of Identity Theft, a felony, in violation of ORS 165.800. On November 17, 2005, in Washington County, Oregon, in Case No. C051947CR, Respondent Hestmark was convicted of Theft of Services, a felony, in violation of ORS 164.125(5)(d). However, pursuant to ORS 164.570, a felony may be treated as a Class A Misdemeanor at

STATEMENT OF CHARGES C-07-192-07-SC02 Thomas Andrew Hestmark

¹ RCW 19.146 (Amended 2006; Effective January 1, 2007)

the election of the district attorney, and in this case was. In Oregon, Class A misdemeanors are punishable by
up to 1 year imprisonment. Pursuant to RCW 9A.20.010(2)(a) and (b) a misdemeanor is any crime punishable
by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment in a county jail for not more than ninety
days, or by both such fine and imprisonment. An Oregon Class A misdemeanor is equivalent to a Washington
gross misdemeanor in terms of sentence.

1.3 Responses to Application Questions. The "Criminal Disclosure" section of the loan originator license application consists of eight questions, and includes the following instruction:

"If the answer to any of the following is "YES", provide complete details of all events or proceedings"
Respondent Hestmark answered "no" to the following questions on the "Criminal Disclosure" section of his
loan originator license application:

- 1- Have you ever been convicted of or plead guilty or nolo contendere ("no contest") in a domestic, foreign, or military court to misdemeanor involving: financial services or a financial services-related business or any fraud, false statements or omissions, theft or any wrongful taking of property, bribery, perjury, forgery, counterfeiting, extortion, or a conspiracy to commit any of these offenses?
- 2- Been charged with any felony?

Respondent Hestmark was obligated by statute to answer questions on the loan originator license application truthfully and to provide the Department with complete details of all events or proceedings.

II. GROUNDS FOR ENTRY OF ORDER

- 2.1 Requirement of No Prior Convictions. Based on the Factual Allegations set forth in Section I above, Respondent Hestmark fails to meet the requirements of RCW 19.146.310(1)(d) and WAC 208-660-350(2)(c) by having been convicted of a gross misdemeanor involving dishonesty or financial misconduct or a felony within seven years of the filing of the present application.
- 2.2 Prohibited Practices. Based on the Factual Allegations set forth in Section I above, Respondent

 Hestmark is in apparent violation of RCW 19.146.0201(8) and WAC 208-660-500(3)(i) for negligently making

any false statement or willfully making any omission of material fact in connection with any application or any
information filed by a licensee in connection with any application, examination or investigation conducted by
the Department.

- **2.3** Requirement to Provide Information on License Application. Based on the Factual Allegations set forth in Section I above, Respondent Hestmark fails to meet the requirements of RCW 19.146.300(1) and (2) and RCW 19.146.310(1)(b) by failing to provide an accurate and complete license application in the form prescribed by the Director.
- 2.4 Requirement to Demonstrate Character and General Fitness. Based on the Factual Allegations set forth in Section I above, Respondent Hestmark fails to meet the requirements of RCW 19.146.310(1)(g) and WAC 208-660-350(2)(a) by failing to demonstrate character and general fitness such as to command the confidence of the community and to warrant a belief that the business will be operated honestly and fairly within the purposes of the Act.

III. AUTHORITY TO IMPOSE SANCTIONS

- 3.1 Authority to Deny Application for Loan Originator License. Pursuant to RCW 19.146.220(1), the Director may deny licenses to loan originators. Pursuant to RCW 19.146.310(2) and WAC 208-660-350(7), the Director shall not issue a loan originator license if the conditions of RCW 19.146.310(1) have not been met by the applicant, and shall notify the loan originator applicant and any mortgage brokers listed on the application of the denial.
- 3.2 Authority to Prohibit from Industry. Pursuant to RCW 19.146.220(5)(a), the Director may issue orders removing from office or prohibiting from participation in the conduct of the affairs of a licensed mortgage broker, or both, any officer, principal, employee, or loan originator of any licensed mortgage broker or any person subject to licensing under the Act for any violation of RCW 19.146.0201(1) through (9).

IV. NOTICE OF INTENTION TO ENTER ORDER

Respondent's violations of the provisions of chapter 19.146 RCW and chapter 208-660 WAC, as set forth in the above Factual Allegations, Grounds for Entry of Order, and Authority to Impose Sanctions, constitute a basis

STATEMENT OF CHARGES C-07-192-07-SC02 Thomas Andrew Hestmark

Financial Legal Examiner Supervisor

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STATE OF WASHINGTON DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS DIVISION OF CONSUMER SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF INVESTIGATING the Loan Originator License Application under the Mortgage Broker Practices Act of Washington by:

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STATEMENT OF CHARGES and NOTICE OF INTENTION TO ENTER AN ORDER TO DENY LICENSE APPLICATION AND PROHIBIT FROM INDUSTRY

INTRODUCTION

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I. FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 1.1 Respondent Thomas Andrew Hestmark (Respondent Hestmark) submitted an application to the Department of Financial Institutions of the State of Washington (Department) for a loan originator license under Mortgage Express LLC, a mortgage broker licensed under the Act. The on-line application was received by the Department on or about December 19, 2006.
- 1.2 Prior Criminal Acts. On June 22, 2005, Respondent Hestmark was indicted, in Washington County, Oregon, on one count of Theft of Services, a felony, in violation of ORS 164.125(5) (d) and one count of Identity Theft, a felony, in violation of ORS 165.800. On November 17, 2005, in Washington County, Oregon, in Case No. C051947CR, Respondent Hestmark was convicted of Theft of Services, a felony, in violation of ORS 164.125(5) (d).

STATEMENT OF CHARGES C-07-192-07-SC01 Thomas Andrew Hestmark

¹ RCW 19.146 (Amended 2006; Effective January 1, 2007)

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1.3 Responses to Application Questions. The "Criminal Disclosure" section of the loan originator license application consists of eight questions, and includes the following instruction:

"If the answer to any of the following is "YES", provide complete details of all events or proceedings"
Respondent Hestmark answered "no" to the following questions on the "Criminal Disclosure" section of his
loan originator license application:

- 1-Have you ever been convicted of or plead guilty or nolo contendere ("no contest") in a domestic, foreign, or military court to any felony?
- 2-Been charged with any felony?

Respondent Hestmark was obligated by statute to answer questions on the loan originator license application truthfully and to provide the Department with complete details of all events or proceedings.

II. GROUNDS FOR ENTRY OF ORDER

- **2.1** Requirement of No Prior Convictions. Based on the Factual Allegations set forth in Section I above, Respondent Hestmark fails to meet the requirements of RCW 19.146.310(1)(d) and WAC 208-660-350(2)(c) by having been convicted of a gross misdemeanor involving dishonesty or financial misconduct or a felony within seven years of the filing of the present application.
- 2.2 Prohibited Practices. Based on the Factual Allegations set forth in Section I above, Respondent Hestmark is in apparent violation of RCW 19.146.0201(8) and WAC 208-660-500(3)(i) for negligently making any false statement or willfully making any omission of material fact in connection with any application or any information filed by a licensee in connection with any application, examination or investigation conducted by the Department.
- **2.3** Requirement to Provide Information on License Application. Based on the Factual Allegations set forth in Section I above, Respondent Hestmark fails to meet the requirements of RCW 19.146.300(1) and (2) and RCW 19.146.310(1)(b) by failing to provide an accurate and complete license application in the form prescribed by the Director.

2.4 Requirement to Demonstrate Character and General Fitness. Based on the Factual Allegations set forth in Section I above, Respondent Hestmark fails to meet the requirements of RCW 19.146.310(1)(g) and WAC 208-660-350(2)(a) by failing to demonstrate character and general fitness such as to command the confidence of the community and to warrant a belief that the business will be operated honestly and fairly within the purposes of the Act.

III. AUTHORITY TO IMPOSE SANCTIONS

- 3.1 Authority to Deny Application for Loan Originator License. Pursuant to RCW 19.146.220(1), the Director may deny licenses to loan originators. Pursuant to RCW 19.146.310(2) and WAC 208-660-350(7), the Director shall not issue a loan originator license if the conditions of RCW 19.146.310(1) have not been met by the applicant, and shall notify the loan originator applicant and any mortgage brokers listed on the application of the denial.
- 3.2 Authority to Prohibit from Industry. Pursuant to RCW 19.146.220(5)(a), the Director may issue orders removing from office or prohibiting from participation in the conduct of the affairs of a licensed mortgage broker, or both, any officer, principal, employee, or loan originator of any licensed mortgage broker or any person subject to licensing under the Act for any violation of RCW 19.146.0201(1) through (9).

IV. NOTICE OF INTENTION TO ENTER ORDER

Respondent's violations of the provisions of chapter 19.146 RCW and chapter 208-660 WAC, as set forth in the above Factual Allegations, Grounds for Entry of Order, and Authority to Impose Sanctions, constitute a basis for the entry of an Order under RCW 19.146.220, RCW 19.146.221, RCW 19.146.223 and RCW 19.146.310.

Therefore, it is the Director's intention to ORDER that:

- 4.1 Respondent Thomas Andrew Hestmark's application for a loan originator license is denied.
- 4.2 Respondent Thomas Andrew Hestmark is prohibited from participation in the conduct of the affairs of any mortgage broker subject to licensure by the Director, in any manner, through December 19, 2013.

V. AUTHORITY AND PROCEDURE

This Statement of Charges and Notice of Intention to Enter an Order to Deny License Application and Prohibit from Industry (Statement of Charges) is entered pursuant to the provisions of RCW 19.146.220,

STATEMENT OF CHARGES C-07-192-07-SC01 Thomas Andrew Hestmark

1	RCW 19.146.221, RCW 19.146.223 and RCW 19.146.230, and is subject to the provisions of chapter 34.05
2	RCW (The Administrative Procedure Act). Respondent may make a written request for a hearing as set forth in
3	the NOTICE OF OPPORTUNITY TO DEFEND AND OPPORTUNITY FOR HEARING accompanying this
4	Statement of Charges.
5	Dated this 13th day of June, 2007.
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8	DEBORAH BORTNER
9	Director Division of Consumer Services
10	Presented by: Department of Financial Institutions
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12	EDWARD FORSEK
13	Financial Legal Examiner
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