STATE OF WASHINGTON DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS SECURITIES DIVISION

IN THE MATTER OF DETERMINING Whether there has been a violation of the Franchise Investment Protection Act of Washington by:

F45 Training, Inc.

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Respondent.

Order No.: S-19-2681-19-CO01

CONSENT ORDER

INTRODUCTION

Pursuant to the Franchise Investment Protection Act of Washington, RCW 19.100, the Securities Division of the Washington State Department of Financial Institutions (Securities Division) and Respondent F45 Training, Inc. (F45) do hereby enter into this Consent Order in settlement of the matters alleged herein. Respondent F45 neither admits nor denies the findings of fact or conclusions of law as stated below.

FINDINGS OF FACT

Respondents

1. Respondent F45 is a Delaware entity formed on March 25, 2015, with its principal place of business in El Segundo, California. Respondent F45 is the domestic subsidiary of F45 Aus Hold Co Pty Ltd, based in Sydney, Australia. Respondent F45 franchises its functional fitness studio concept to franchisees in the United States.

Conduct

2. Respondent F45 first registered its franchises for sale in Washington on November 23, 2015, and renewed its franchise registration each of the following years. As part of the franchise registration process, franchisors file a franchise disclosure document (FDD) with the Securities Division. Franchisors can make financial performance representations in the FDD to potential franchisees. Franchisors must have

a reasonable basis and written substantiation for these claims, and must present the information in a way so that their representations are not misleading.

- 3. Alternatively, a franchisor can elect not to include financial performance representations in the FDD, but it cannot then make financial performance representations to prospective franchisees except for providing the actual operating results of a particular franchise to potential purchasers of that franchise.
- 4. Respondent F45 elected not to include financial performance representations in the FDDs it filed with the Securities Division, instead including in the FDDs it filed a statement affirming it does not make these representations.
- 5. Instead of making financial performance representations in its FDD, Respondent F45 made representations in advertisements and online videos.
- 6. For example, Respondent F45 claimed in a number of advertisements on franchise marketing websites that its franchises had low investment costs and high profit margins.
- 7. On its franchise sales website, Respondent F45 posted a video in which its representative walked through a financial model that it used to provide to prospective franchisees. Respondent F45 represented in this video that franchisees could expect to start with a set membership and achieve a regular level of month-to-month growth.
- 8. In the video, Respondent F45 represented to prospective franchisees that they could earn approximately two hundred and fifty thousand dollars in profit in their first year and over a million dollars in profit by the third year of ownership. Respondent F45 then presented two other scenarios with different cost inputs, each with a minimum profit totaling over seven hundred thousand dollars.
- 9. Respondent F45 sent the video to multiple prospective franchisees who inquired about purchasing an F45 franchise in Washington. Respondent F45 also sent franchisees materials that emphasized the speed at which franchisees could expect to make a profit. Additionally, Respondent F45

sent material representing to prospective Washington franchisees that they could earn back a certain amount of their initial investment each year.

- 10. Respondent F45 did not substantiate these financial performance representations.
- 11. Respondent F45 also made financial performance representations by citing the performance of local franchisees. In one email, Respondent F45 stated that one local franchise was "doing extremely well (350+ members)" and F45 could give the prospective franchisee "insight into their pricing and marketing efforts." Respondent F45 told the prospective franchise that there was "[a]bsolutely nothing stopping you replicating this success, this is why you pay a franchise fee (proven standardization)."
- 12. In an email to another prospective franchisee, Respondent F45 stated that their marketing success case studies did not include their "top/most successful studio openings," including two Washington franchises that opened with more than 280 members.
- 13. Respondent F45 did not disclose to prospective franchisees that, despite the number of memberships sold, these franchises had not yet become profitable, and that one of these franchisees had spent substantially more money than what Respondent F45 required to advertise his franchises. Respondent F45 also did not disclose that the attrition rate these franchises experienced was larger than what Respondent F45 represented in its month-to-month projections.
- 14. Respondent F45 sent material to prospective franchisees intended to help them secure franchise locations. Respondent F45 repeated in this material the profitability claims it made elsewhere, and stated there had been no closures of F45 franchises since its launch. Respondent F45 did not disclose that the lack of closures was in part attributable to it assuming ownership of some of these franchises.
- 15. Some of the materials Respondent F45 sent included endorsements of the franchise by National Basketball Association celebrities, including players, a coach, and a team owner. Franchisors are required to disclose information in the FDD such as compensation or other benefits given to such public

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figures by the franchisor. Until 2019, Respondent F45 stated in its FDDs filed with the Securities Division that it does not use public figures to promote its franchises. In the 2019 FDD Respondent F45 filed with the Securities Division, Respondent F45 only disclosed the interest in its holding company owned by a film celebrity, stating it does not otherwise use public figures to promote its franchises.

- 16. In reality, Respondent F45 made agreements with the NBA-associated public figures in 2016 and 2017 and agreed to compensate them for their franchise promotion activities, in some instances compensating the public figure for the number of franchises sold in a geographic area.
- 17. Respondent F45 required prospective franchisees to make a \$2,000.00 refundable deposit to reserve their franchise territory before providing them with the full FDD and other information. Franchisors are required to provide prospective franchisees its current FDD fourteen calendar days before the prospective franchisee makes any payment to a franchisor or affiliate in connection with the proposed franchise sale.
- 18. Among the statutes with which Respondent F45 is required to comply is RCW 19.100.180, also known as the "Franchisee Bill of Rights." The Franchisee Bill of Rights prescribes certain requirements governing the relationship between franchisors and their franchisees for the purpose of ensuring the parties deal with the other in good faith. Included in its provisions is a prohibition on a franchisor from "restrict[ing] or inhibit[ing] the right of the franchisees to join an association of franchisees."
- 19. In approximately January 2020, a group of F45 franchisees, including a Washington franchisee, formed such a franchisee association under the umbrella of the American Association of Franchisees and Dealers (AAFD). The AAFD sent a letter to Respondent F45's management announcing the formation of an F45 franchisee association and expressed an intent to collaborate with F45's management. This letter did not identify any leaders of the association.

20. Approximately three months later, at the end of March 2020, the AAFD sent another letter to Respondent F45's management. This letter was signed by two leaders of the franchisee association, including a Washington franchisee.

21. Shortly after receiving this letter, Respondent F45's legal department sent a letter to the Washington franchisee announcing that it was giving him "final notice" regarding breaches of his franchise agreement, and stated that it could terminate his franchise agreement 30 days after this notice. Respondent F45 had not previously sent the Washington franchisee any notice of these purported breaches, and had previously discussed compensating the franchisee for the activities it later stated was in violation of its franchise agreement once the franchisee was identified as a leader in the independent franchisee association.

- 22. The Washington franchisee regularly consulted with and trained other F45 franchisees on how to sell more studio memberships for their franchises. Respondent F45 had expressed support of the franchisee's consulting work as far back as June 2018, and, in the months prior to its final notice, took actions to explore a formal consulting relationship, including requesting feedback from franchisees the Washington franchisee had consulted with and then, after receiving feedback, requesting that the Washington franchisee provide it with a proposed compensation structure.
- 23. Respondent F45 maintained that it had not yet terminated the franchisee, but then finalized its termination of the Washington franchisee's agreement in July 2020. In a negotiation related to the termination, Respondent F45 gave the Washington franchisee the option to sell his franchisee or allow it to close, and he ultimately sold his franchise.

Based upon the above findings of fact, the following conclusions of law are made:

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CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 1. The offer or sale of franchises as described above constitutes the offer or sale of a franchise as defined in RCW 19.100.010(6), RCW 19.100.010(12), and RCW 19.100.010(17).
- 2. The offer and sale of said franchises was in violation of RCW 19.100.170(1) because Respondent F45 made untrue statements of material fact or omitted material facts to the Division in its franchise registration applications.
- 3. The offer and sale of said franchises was in violation of RCW 19.100.170(2) because Respondent F45 made untrue statements of material fact or omitted to state material facts necessary to make the statements, in light of the circumstances in which they were made, not misleading.
- 4. The offer and sale of said franchises was in violation of RCW 19.100.080 because Respondent F45 required prospective franchisees to make payments to Respondent F45 in connection with the proposed franchise sale before providing a copy of its current franchise disclosure document to them.
- 5. Respondent F45 violated RCW 19.100.180(2)(a) because it restricted or inhibited the right of a franchisee to join an association of franchisees.

CONSENT ORDER

Based upon the foregoing and finding it in the public interest:

IT IS AGREED AND ORDERED that Respondent F45, and its agents and employees, shall each cease and desist from offering or selling franchises in violation of RCW 19.100.170, the violations section of the Franchise Investment Protection Act of Washington.

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IT IS FURTHER AGREED AND ORDERED that Respondent F45, and its agents and employees, shall each cease and desist from offering or selling franchises in violation of RCW 19.100.080, the franchise disclosure document section of the Franchise Investment Protection Act of Washington.

IT IS FURTHER AGREED AND ORDERED that Respondent F45, and its agents and employees, shall each cease and desist from violations of RCW 19.100.180, the franchisee bill of rights section of the Franchise Investment Protection Act of Washington.

IT IS FURTHER AGREED AND ORDERED that Respondent F45 shall be liable for and shall pay investigative costs of \$15,437.50 prior to the entry of this Order.

IT IS FURTHER AGREED AND ORDERED that Respondent F45 has sent by electronic mail, to the email address franchisees included on their signed franchise agreement, a copy of this Order, along with an offer of rescission, to all franchisees in Washington that entered into a Franchise Agreement during the period that the materials identified in Paragraphs 6-16 were in use, specifically prior to December 31, 2019.

IT IS FURTHER AGREED AND ORDERED that Respondent F45 shall provide the Securities Division proof it sent a copy of this Order and offer of rescission to all franchisees owning a franchise in Washington that entered into a Franchise Agreement prior to December 31, 2019, prior to the entry of this Order.

IT IS FURTHER AGREED that the Securities Division has jurisdiction to enter this Order.

IT IS FURTHER AGREED that Respondent F45 enters into this Order freely and voluntarily and with a full understanding of its terms and significance.

IT IS FURTHER AGREED that, in consideration of the foregoing, Respondent F45 waives its right to a hearing and to judicial review of this matter.

WILLFUL VIOLATION OF THIS ORDER IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

Signed this12th day ofOctol	ber, 2022.
Signed by:	Approved as to form by:
F45 Training, Inc.	
By/s/Patrick Grosso Chief Legal Officer	Rodger D. Moss, Jr., Attorney for Respondent 153915 (Florida Bar No.) 1632462 (DC Bar No.)
SIGNED and ENTERED this 18th day of Octo	ober, 2022.
	/s/
Approved by:	Presented by:
Brian J. Guerard Chief of Enforcement	

CONSENT ORDER